

# Multiplicity and the second law

We have seen:

*Energy tends to rearrange itself such that the multiplicity is at (or very near) its maximum value.*

A formulation of the *second law of thermodynamics*:

*Any large system in equilibrium will be found in the macrostate with the greatest multiplicity.*

or

*Multiplicity tends to increase.*

# Entropy

Introduce the entropy:

$$S = k_B \ln \Omega$$

- $\Omega$  — a very large number,
- $\ln \Omega$  — a large number,
- $k_B \ln \Omega$  — an ordinary number.

The entropy increases with...

- increasing number of particles,
- increasing energy,
- increasing volume,
- breaking apart of larger molecules into smaller.

# Additive property of entropy

Additive property: For two parts  $A$  and  $B$  with  $\Omega_{\text{total}} = \Omega_A \Omega_B$ :

$$\begin{aligned} S_{\text{total}} &= k_B \ln \Omega_{\text{total}} \\ &= k_B \ln(\Omega_A \Omega_B) \\ &= k_B \ln \Omega_A + k_B \ln \Omega_B \\ &= S_A + S_B. \end{aligned}$$

## Example: Entropy of an Einstein solid

Einstein solid with  $N$  oscillators and  $q \gg N$  energy units.

$$\Omega = \left(\frac{eq}{N}\right)^N,$$

$$S = k_B \ln \left(\frac{eq}{N}\right)^N = Nk_B \ln \left(\frac{eq}{N}\right).$$

With  $N = 10^{22}$  and  $q = 10^{24}$  in  $S = k_B \ln \Omega$ :

$$\begin{aligned} S &= Nk_B \ln(271.8) = Nk_B \times 5.6 \\ &= 10^{22} \times 1.38 \cdot 10^{-23} \times 5.6 \\ &= 0.77 \text{ J/K}. \end{aligned}$$

# Entropy and disorder!

Often an helpful analogy:

*A shuffled deck of cards is more disordered—higher entropy.*

However:

*A glass of crushed ice appears more disordered, but actually has a lower entropy than a glass with the same amount of water.*

# Entropy and the second law

Restate the *second law of thermodynamics* in terms of the entropy:

*Any large system in equilibrium will be found in the macrostate with the greatest entropy.*

or

*Entropy tends to increase.*

# Maxwell's demon

Is it really generally true that all processes lead to the increase of entropy?

Maxwell suggested that a “very observant and neat-fingered being” could deflect faster particles in one direction and slower particles in the other.

However,

- devices for doing this have been found to be ineffective since each such a device has to process the information needed to sort the molecules and this creates entropy.
- The entropy will thus increase and the second law is not violated.